

## AUSTRIANS GUARD ITALIAN FRONTIER

Reinforcements Sent to Line  
on News of Anti-Neutral-  
ity Agitation.

### NO ENTHUSIASM OVER WAR

Converted Into Huge Hospital.  
Vienna's Aspect Is One of  
Silent Mourning.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

ROME, September 19.

The following information as to conditions in Austria was obtained from a neutral diplomat who has just returned here from Vienna:

"Until a fortnight ago the Austrians had paid no attention to guarding their southwestern frontiers, but since the anti-neutrality agitation in Rome reinforcements of infantry and artillery have been rushed to the frontiers, which are being entrenched with feverish activity. The Adriatic garrisons have been strengthened.

"Owing to the extraordinary police surveillance calmness prevailed until Wednesday, when a state of siege was proclaimed everywhere. Drunken places are closed at 8 o'clock in the evening. Soldiers patrol the streets and the war is not discussed by any one. The mere suspicion of espionage is considered to justify the imposition of the death penalty. The censorship is very severe and newspapers which appear without the approval of the censor are seized.

"Slav soldiers have been sent to aid the Germans in France and Italians to Galicia, while Germans have been sent to Serbia.

"The four military attaches in Vienna, those of the United States, Italy, Turkey and Rumania, praise the admirable organization, equipment and discipline of the army, but point out that the soldiers fight only because they were well disciplined and obey orders mechanically. They lack camaraderie and dash.

"Vienna is no longer enthusiastic over the war. The patriotic demonstrations have died out and are not revived even when guns are captured and Russian prisoners are purposely exhibited in the city.

"The aspect of Vienna is one of silent mourning. Sadness has replaced the characteristic gaiety and the city has been converted into a huge hospital. Food is scarce and medical supplies in certain lines are lacking. Unemployment is widespread and the ordinary mortality has increased.

"A levy en masse has been ordered for the purpose of providing food and work for able bodied men.

"Conditions in the provinces are equally disastrous. The people are terrorized and are, therefore, outwardly emotionless in silent despair."

### SERVIANS WANT HELP TOO.

News of English Hospitality to Belgians Brings Forth Appeal.

BRUXELLES, Sept. 19.—On all sides one hears of the lavish hospitality accorded to the Belgian refugees in England. We learn that they are stuffed with bread, jam and coffee; that more clothes are sent to them than they can use, that English homes are open to them and that thousands of pounds have been raised for them in a few days.

Not a cent has been raised for the starving people of Serbia. Our people lack everything—blankets, shoes, cotton wool, lint for bandages and shirts and stockings for homeless children.

People here are sorry for the Belgians because they were worsted in fighting in defence of their homes, but Serbians ask: "Are we to blame because we are victorious? Will no one help us in our fight for freedom?"

### WOUNDED IN MUTINY.

Half Mad Soldiers Quelled Only by Threat of Bayonets.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—A correspondent of the *Standard* telegraphing from an unnamed town in France tells of the horrible sufferings of the wounded in the present extended fighting.

"He instances one convoy of wounded; both French and Germans, which arrived from the neighborhood of Schies. The German wounded had been abandoned by their own army in its retreat. The convoy arrived at the hospital toward midnight. "Human vestiges so mangled that it was difficult to find a place to touch them without eliciting screams and groans."

Most of the wounded, the correspondent says, had lain for four days and nights where they had fallen and their wounds had not even been examined, much less dressed.

The correspondent says that the wounds of the Germans are far worse than those of the French and adds that the French fire appears to be much more destructive, its ravages being horrible when its victims are not killed outright.

Four days after their arrival the wounded were shifted again, this time because the hospital authorities feared mutiny even from these desperately injured men. Some of them were morose and half mad, and one sullen young officer swore that they would not remain in the hospital.

The correspondent adds that the same tendency to mutiny was instigated at Havre, when a convoy insisted that they be returned to Dieppe, where they had made friends, and were quelled only by the threat of bayonets.

### CAN'T BE DONE, FRENCH SAY.

Merchant Offers \$7,500 to First Armed German to Reach England.

BRUXELLES, Sept. 19.—The sporting offer of a Breslau merchant to give 20,000 marks (\$7,500) to the first armed German who sets foot on British soil excites ridicule in the *Revue* press. "He would be quite safe in offering a million marks (\$250,000)," remarks one paper.

## Bourtzeff, Noted Nihilist, Urges Unity for Russia

Appeals to Revolutionists and  
Slavs to Drop Grudges and  
Fight Pan-Germanism.

Special Correspondence to THE SUN.

PARIS, Sept. 5.—Vladimir Bourtzeff, one of the most unrelenting foes of the Czar and the Russian bureaucracy, who exposed many of the Government's spies, among them Axel, has appealed to revolutionists and Slavs throughout the world to rally to the defence of Russia. He says:

"I am of those who have fought for the liberties of the Russian people and who have not spared their attacks against the Government at St. Petersburg. As much as I have fought it so much do I consider it my duty to say now that I am with it at heart, like all Russians who see clearly against German aggression.

"Not to silence to-day all grudges, not to discard everything opposed to Russian national unity means to become an accomplice of the two Governments, Germany and Austria, which have let loose upon the civilized world the present tempest.

"Not only Russians but all Slavs should range themselves behind the Russian Government, allied to liberal England and republican France.

"Not only the Poles of Russia but also the Poles of Germany and of Austria should march to the rescue of civilization, now being menaced by the two military castles of Berlin and Vienna.

"We Russian refugees who enjoy French hospitality, we do not know what is going on in Russia at this moment.

"But we do not admit for an instant that the political parties in Russia could undermine the uprising of Europe against the insults and brutalities of Pan-Germanism.

No Slav Will Hesitate.

"In the great battle which is commencing and which will bring liberty to others, the Poles no self-respecting Slav will walk in his tent.

"Will the Russian Government have the intelligence to understand that it has an unexpected opportunity for a master stroke which will place Russia in a trice in the ranks of great civilized nations?"

"Its action in favor of Poland is good. But when shall we have an act in favor of Russia? When shall we have an act which will liberate our political prisoners and our heroic Catherine Breshkovskaya? When shall we have the act which alone at this moment can cement national unity in Russia?"

"The attitude of the Russian revolutionists in the present war has become clear and distinct. During hostilities we could not, and we should not if we could, continue, as we have done up till now, our fight against the Russian Government. Her victory will be our victory; her defeat will be our defeat.

"We remain as we were. We have changed only our tactics in order to adapt ourselves the better to actual conditions at a time when the Government of the Czar represents the entire Russian people and is acting to safeguard the national interests.

"If a historical necessity has constrained the Russian Government to change its policies and happily to redeem its past, at least in so far as concerns the Poles, the Finns and the Jews, the same historical necessity obliges us politically and morally to contribute with all our strength to the maintenance of national unity and to group ourselves behind the Government if it continues the liberal policies inaugurated by it in the last few days.

War of Deliverance.

"Let us not discuss the question as to whether or not the Russian Government will keep its promises. The situation created by the present war will constrain it to pay its debt. Let us not forget that this war is a war of deliverance, and that out of it should come a definitive peace.

"The loyal cooperation of Russia with republican France and liberal England simplifies our task and justifies our support of the Russian Government.

## CLEMENCEAU URGES ITALY TO JOIN ALLIES

Says She Has Chance Now to  
Win Seat at Peace Council  
Table.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

BRUXELLES, September 19.

Georges Clemenceau's article on the war in his paper, *L'Homme Libre*, to-day is a powerful plea for the entrance of Italy on the side of the allies without further hesitation. M. Clemenceau quotes the words of an Italian statesman in a personal conversation with the writer.

"We are Austria's allies," said this distinguished Italian, "because that is the only means to avoid being compelled to make war upon her."

M. Clemenceau adds:

"Never did Italy have such an opportunity of settling her just claims. Admitting for the sake of argument that pan-Germanism will triumph, what would be her lot? Slavery, without the honor of having fought to escape it. If on the contrary she shows a martial spirit she will earn the right to claim her seat at the round table when the settling day comes."

Much importance is attached here to the resignation of the Rumanian Cabinet, which, coinciding with the despatch of a Rumanian mission to Italy, lends color to the belief that Rumania is only waiting for a favorable opportunity to join the allies.

Italy's attitude continues to be watched closely and there is an increasing belief that the noncommittal policy of her Foreign Minister, Marquis di San Giuliano, will sooner or later have to be abandoned owing to the pressure of public opinion.

The orators were applauded and cheered when they deplored the neutrality of Italy, which placed her in the position of being unable to defend the "unredeemed Italians."

A patriotic demonstration followed. An imposing crowd paraded through the streets singing national hymns. During the demonstration troops and police guarded the Austrian embassy and consulate.

**SICILIANS CRY FOR WAR.**

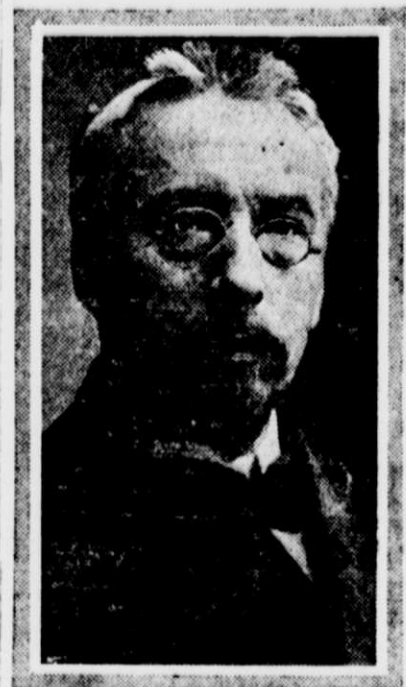
Demonstrations Held Daily Without Interference by Government.

By THE SUN'S and the London "Daily News" War Service.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

MALTA, Sept. 19.—The population of Sicily is greatly excited in favor of Italy's joining the allies. Demonstrations are being held daily without interference from the authorities.

The press is urging the Government to abandon its present attitude of neutrality.



Vladimir Bourtzeff, the Russian nihilist.

We will draw all the necessary conclusions from this unique and especially favorable situation.

"Will the Russian Government imitate us? We do not know. Let it continue, however, its work of liberation. Let it profit by the unanimous enthusiasm which rouses Russia against the common enemy by wiping out the past by a general amnesty and a series of bold reforms.

"But, above all, let it be quick. If the Irish insurgents or if the French socialists had refused in the present conflict to support their Governments it would have been an abominable crime, but the crime of the Governments of England and of France would have been greater still if they had refused to be reconciled with their former adversaries.

"That which we have seen happen in England and in France should happen in Russia at once, and in spite of everything. National unity above all.

"The despatches from Russia bring us the almost certain conviction that a new era is beginning for Russia. Confident by the German war, the Russian Government has understood that it could not vanquish the enemy either without the people or with the people against her. And in order to assure the necessary national enthusiasm it was essential to make a radical change in its policies. Hence the solemn promise to reconstitute ancient Poland and to grant it autonomy. Hence the grant to the Jews of the same rights, political and civil, as other subjects. Hence the softening of the rigorous Finnish policies.

**Political Amnesty Urged.**

"It is necessary now that that Government should go on to the end of the way which it has just entered, that a general political amnesty should be granted, that the liberty of the press should be assured, that the Duma should have legislative powers.

"The Russian Government could and should march at the head of the national movement. It is a historical necessity for it, an indispensable condition for victory. All Russians without distinction of party or of race, Russians, Poles, Jews, Finns, participate in the struggle for civilization and for righteousness.

"After the war, if the Government continues to march along the path which it has opened—and we cannot see how it could be otherwise—the opposition on its side will bring into play for the realization of its ideal the same means which are employed in the midst of civil liberty by the advanced parties of western Europe. From this loyal struggle will come at last the realization of the dreams of all the Russian socialists, the will of the people."

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**SILVER DROPS IN LONDON.**

Large Shipment From America Sends Price Down.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The Bank of England purchased to-day gold eagles to the value of £472,000 (\$2,360,000).

Silver dropped to 23 9-16 on the arrival of another large shipment from America.

**"77"**  
For Grip, Influenza,  
Coughs, Sore Throat  
**COLDS**

"New cures come and go but Humphreys' Homeopathic Specifics live for ever—I have used them for 25 years with best results," a Los Angeles correspondent writes.

To break up a Cold in record time, take "Seventy-seven" at the first sneeze or shiver.

If you wait till your bones begin to ache, till the Cold becomes settled and hangs on, it may take longer.

Two sizes, 25c. and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed.

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., 136 William Street, New York.—Advertisement.

## B. Altman & Co.

THE MADISON AVENUE ADDITION  
to B. Altman & Co.'s Store will shortly be opened.

Extensive preparations are now being made to render this event one of the greatest importance and interest. Unusually large assortments of new merchandise from foreign as well as home fashion centers have been secured, special selections from which are now being displayed.

## UNUSUAL VALUES IN MERCHANDISE AT POPULAR PRICES FOR MONDAY

Commencing to-morrow (Monday) there will be an Extraordinary Offering of

Over 20,000 Yards of Dress Silks  
consisting of

All-silk Crepe Charmeuse and  
High-lustre Satin

each 40 inches wide and representing the newest shades for afternoon and evening, as well as white, ivory and black, at the special price of . . . per yard \$1.80

Several Thousand Yards of  
Imported Prunellas and Poplins

in a large selection of the desirable shades for Autumn, will be placed on sale at the very special price of . . . per yard 78c.

A Sale of Novelty Jewelry  
and Black Silk Wrist Bags

will provide a feature of interest at these unexampled prices (considering the values offered):

Earrings of white pearl set in rim of black enamel; with French backs of 14-karat gold, per pair . . . \$2.75

Bar Pins of black enamel set with rhinestones; sterling silver mounted, each \$1.50

Wrist Bags of plain or fancy black silk moire, silk-lined in a variety of colors; fitted with purse and mirror . . . at \$2.50 and 2.75

Wrist Bags of plain or fancy black silk moire, with lining of Dresden or plain-color silk; two styles having center compartment; purse and mirror; one style lacking center compartment, but daintily fitted in French gilt, each . . . \$3.75

## The Fur Department

(Third Floor)

has now ready, in anticipation of the approaching winter season, a most attractive collection of Furs and Fur Garments, introducing the newest style features and the fashionable pelts. Included are Garments for practical wear as well as for occasions demanding more luxurious garb.

The prices will range from the lowest compatible with reliable quality to the most costly.

All Charged or Paid Purchases (including heavy and bulky shipments) will be forwarded Free of Charge by mail, express or freight to any point in the United States. The methods of shipment are optional with B. Altman & Co. and no discounts are allowed.

All Charged or Paid Purchases not exceeding twenty pounds in weight will be forwarded Free by mail to all Territories, Possessions or Foreign Countries where Parcel Post rates apply.

An interesting Sale, to commence to-morrow (Monday) will consist of

French Hand-made  
Lace Curtains, Panels and Bed Sets

all imported this season, in patterns exclusive to B. Altman & Co. and priced at about one-half less than usual.

Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains  
per pair . . . \$3.85, 4.75 to 8.75  
Lacet Arabe Lace Curtains, with Marie Antoinette combination,  
per pair . . . \$4.75, 6.50 to 16.00  
Lacet Arabe Lace Panels, with Marie Antoinette combination, each \$6.00, 7.50 & 9.00  
Lacet Arabe Bed Spreads, with Marie Antoinette combination, at \$9.75, 12.75 to 17.50  
Filet Lace Panels, each 9.75, 12.50 to 37.50

A Special Sale of  
Women's Glace Kidskin Gloves  
(Imported)

Mousquetaire Sixteen-button Length, in black or white, will present an unusual opportunity at . . . per pair \$1.95

Superior-quality Hosiery  
for Men, Women and Children

will comprise an attractive offering very specially priced.

Women's Black Silk Hose  
per pair . . . 62c. & 95c.  
Women's Silk Hose, in black, white or colors,  
per pair . . . \$1.25  
Men's Black Lisle Thread Half-hose  
per pair . . . 25c.  
Children's Ribbed Lisle Thread Hose, in black, white or tan . . . per pair 20c.

A Sale of Women's Petticoats

will offer a special selection, of which the styles and prices are equally attractive.

Black-and-white Striped Messaline Petticoats, with French plaited flounce, at \$2.90

Silk Jersey-top Petticoats in black and various colors; finished with messaline flounce of novelty plaiting . . . at \$3.75

Also a limited number of All-silk Jersey Petticoats, elaborately embroidered, special . . . at \$6.00

Thirty-fourth Street

Fifth Avenue, New York

Thirty-sixth Street